1. Confined spaces are usually broken down into two groups:
   a. Non-Permit and Permit
   b. Hazardous and non hazardous
   c. Enterable and off limits
   d. Atmospheric and Physical

2. At what point is a person considered to have entered a confined space?
   a. When any part of the body enters/breaks the plane of the entryway
   b. When the whole body is inside
   c. When the head passes into the space
   d. When his head and shoulders enter

3. Which of the does NOT describe a permit-required confined space?
   a. contains, or could contain a hazardous atmosphere
   b. contains a material that could engulf the person entering into the space
   c. has a inwardly converging wall or a floor that slopes downward and tapers to a small cross section.
   d. contains any other recognized serious safety hazard
   e. the space does not (or could not) contain hazards that could cause death or serious harm.

4. If you are able to eliminate all actual/potential hazards from outside the space and prior to entering, you will need to complete which form?
   a. Permit-required Confined Space Entry Permit
   b. Atmospheric & Mechanical/Physical Hazard Elimination Certificate
   c. Mechanical/Physical Hazard Eliminate Certificate
   d. b or c depending on the hazards you were able to eliminate

5. Ventilation is one way to make an area safer when toxic or flammable vapors are present?

   True or false
6. An atmosphere containing less than ____% of oxygen is considered to be oxygen deficient.

a. 11%
b. 6%
c. 19.5%
d. 23.75%

7. Combustible gas meter readings need to remain at or below 10% LEL during entry.

True or false

8. Is an entry attendant (standby person) allowed to enter the confined space?

a. Yes
b. No
c. On limited occasions
d. The attendant is already in the confined space

9. When is a lifeline and harness required?

a. Always
b. Only for horizontal permit-required confined spaces and/or when the depth of the confined space from entrance to lowest point is greater than 5 feet
c. During initial investigation of the confined space
d. None of the above

10. When are entry rescues at RIT allowed by either RIT employees or contractors?

a. Always
b. In permit-required confined spaces at all times
c. When the depth of the confined space from entrance to lowest point is greater than 4 feet
d. Entry rescues are only performed by the Henrietta Fire Department